CAYMAN ISLAND CONTRA

by Don Armstrong

Formation: Contra lines, 1, 4, 7, etc., couples active but not crossed over.

Music: Shaw 191

- - - , Active couples swing in the center Intro - - - , Put her on the right go down in twos 1-8 9-16 - - Wheel turn, - - come back to place 17-24 - - Cast off, with them and another forward six and back 25-32 - - - , Just the actives do sa do 33-40 - - - , Now the others do sa do 41-48 - - - , Turn contra corners -(Partner right right opposite left, - - partner right)* (Cadence calls) 57-64 (Left opposite left) - - , - - actives swing (Start of next sequence) 49-56 *Caller indicates ON AT THE HEAD every third sequence through the dance. As the dancers learn the figure, less prompting is necessary. For example: 57-64 - - - , - - Actives swing - - - , - - Actives down 1-8 9-16 - - - Wheel, - - - come back 17-24 - - - Cast off, - - - forward six 25-32 ---, -- <u>Actives do sa do</u> 33-40 ---, -- Others do sa do 41-48 - - - , - - Turn contra corners

TURN CONTRA CORNERS — The actives, facing across the set, have their partners directly across from them, a "right opposite person" to their right of their partner, and a "left opposite person" to their left of their partner. Actives dance by their partner, joining right hands momentarily as they do so, to turn their right opposite by the left hand. Actives then dance by their partner again joining right hands momentarily as they do so, to turn their left opposite by the left hand. Actives then return to place without touching their partners. The active man is always using right hands to pass by his partner, and left hands to the right or left opposite person. The "Pigeon Wing" handhold

is a very comfortable one for this action, which normally takes 16 steps.

First done in the British West Indies, introduced in the U.S. in Colorado, it is now a favorite everywhere.