

Record Folk Dancer MH 3055

A Macedonian dance in 9116 time. The rhythm is most easily broken down into a "quick-slow-quick-quick", counted 1-23-4, with extra hold on count 2. Dancers are in open circle, hands joined and held at shoulder-height, but not far forward.

CHUKCHE (Pron. "chook-cheh") is the Bulgarian term for a typically Balkan dance movement for which we do not have a good, brief term in English. A "chukche" consists of rising up onto toe and then coming down on the heel again on one count. In English we would have to call it a "rise-on-toes-then-come-down-again"-step. The step occurs in "Katushe mome Katushe" and many other dances.

- Meas.l ct. 1 "Chukche" on R ft in place, swinging L ft slightly in front.
  - ct. 2 Step a few inches L with L ft.
  - ct.3 Step on R ft in front of L ft,
  - ct.4 Put weight onto L ft again in same place.
- Meas. 2. ct. 1 "Chukche" on L ft in place, swinging R ft slightly in front.
  - ct 2 Step a few inches R with R foot.
  - ct.3 Step on L ft in front of R ft.
  - ct.4 Put weight onto R ft again in same place.
- Meas.3. Same as Measure 1.
- Meas.4. ctl. "Chukche" on L ft, turning to face R (into line of direction)
  - ct (2) Moving in line of direction, step on R ft.
  - ct.3. Continuing in line of direction, step on L ft.
  - ct.4. Continuing in like of direction, step on R ft.
- Meas. 5. ct.1 Continuing in line of direction, step on L ft.
  - ct (2) Continuing in line of direction, step on R ft.
  - ct.3 Step fwd with L ft, turning to face center of circle.
  - ct.4 Step back on R ft, still facing center of circle.

NOTE: The description given above is the basic form of the dance. In practice, native dancers generally hesitate a fraction of a second on every count 2, doing a slight up and down movement with the foot bearing weight on count 1, so that the foot stepping during count 2 touches the ground a bit late. Natives refer to this important style point as "sinkops" or syncopation. It is not absolutely necessary for enjoyment of the dance.

