

Kostursko Oro

(Macedonian)

Pronunciation: Koh-stoor-skoh oh-roh

Source: Learned by John Filcich from Mrs. Sveti Kosta who danced it as a young girl in Kostur, Greek Macedonia. The title and specific melody, if any, are unknown; however, we have borrowed the name of the town to indicate its origin.

Record: Sperry No. 6105, or Sperry No. 6101.

Formation: Open circle or line, leader at R. He joined and held at shoulder height, extended slightly fwd with palms out. Steps are small and done with a bend of the knee.

2/4 time.

Measures Pattern

1 Facing slightly to R of center, step R in LOD (ct. 1); step fwd L (ct. &); step fwd R (ct.2); face center, step L beside R (ct. &).

3 Facing center, step bk on R (ct. 1); point L beside R (ct. &); step to L with L (ct. 2); step R behind L (ct. &);

3 Step L with L (ct. 1); step R to R with a slight emphasis or light stamp (ct. &); step L across R twd LOD (ct. 2); resume pos facing R of center, point R beside L (ct.&).

Repeat dance to end of record.

DO DEK JE MOMA PRI MAJKA

(for "Kostursko Oro") (S-6105)

1. 2.

Do dek ji moma pri majka— A Što se svekor svekrva,
Do dedu je bela i crvn— Tova Je crno crnilo.
Dodu je odila Šetala. A Što se never i zova,
Momiski Pesni pejala. Tova je žolto žoltijo.

2.

Momiske pesni pejala —
Momiske oro igrala—
Godi se zacrnela se,
Oženi se, zakopa se.

4.

A Što se malkite deca,
Tova se sitni zindžiri,
A Što je kitka saren,
Tova je prvoto libe.

(This Macedonian folksong tells of the beauties of girlhood, the title translating, "As long as a girl is with her mother." Phrases such as "singing girls' songs" and "dancing girls' oro" strike a very sentimental note to the Macedonian.)