KASTRINO-PEDEKHTO Crete

The name refers to the leaping character of the dance, from the Greek word <u>pedo</u>, which means to leap, hop, or jump. It is also known by several other names, all of which refer to the area of its popularity: <u>Herakleiotiko Pedikhto</u>, which indicates the city and province of Herakleion; <u>Malevyziotiko Pedikhto</u>, referring to the district of Malevyzi near the city of Herakleion; and <u>Kastrino Pedkhto</u>, Kastro being the former Veneto-Cretan name for the city of Herakleion.

This <u>Pedkhto</u>, although danced in a soumewhat circular formation, moves diagonally right into the circle and almost straight back. It is this diagonal direction as the dancers move in and out that gives it its slow progressive movement to the right. In some areas of Crete, however, it is performed almost in place with only slight movement to the right.

Records: Folkraft 1463, Greek Dances and How to Do Them; Phillips 940, Record 3, Side 4-1

Formation: Line, hands in W position.

Rhythm: 2/4 Counted 1, 2, & or Slow, Quick, Quick

<u>Meas</u> <u>Pattern</u>

- Step on ball of R ft, bending knee slightly (ct 1); two small quick steps L, R raising slightly on balls of feet (cts 2, &).
- 2 Repeat meas 1 with opp ftwk.
- 3 Step R fwd on ball of ft, bending knee slightly (ct 1); hop R, swinging L ft across in back (or front) (ct 2).
- 4-6 Repeat meas 1-3 with opp ftwk and backing out and slightly to the L.

Presented by Pavlos Dascalakis

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