<u>Kucano</u>

Куцано Southern Macedonia

Source:

As learned by Thomas Deering from Pece Atanasovski at his Macedonian Folkdance

Institute, Oteševo, Macedonia, July 1976.

Pronounced: Koo-tsah-no

Rhythm:

12/8 counted: Slow, Quick, Quick, Slow, Quick (3 2 2 3 2)

This rhythm is commonly known as "Beranče rhythm."

Recording:

RTB 1394 (Pece Atanasovski Orchestra)

Folklorist 45rpm #F-104-45 (Dennis Boxell)

AMAN LP 103

Formation:

Originally a women's dance, danced now in mixed lines. Hands are held up and slightly

forward ("W" position) except during the travelling introduction and the faster step.

Step Note:

Čukče: Lift the heel of the supporting foot slightly before the beat, bringing it down on

the beat. The ball of the foot does not leave the floor. When a lift is involved, usually

the lifted leg is already up and in place when the Čukče is executed.

Meas Ct INTRODUCTION (arms down)

Begin the dance at the beginning of a musical phrase.

- Facing and moving R (LOD), Step forward on R 1 1
 - 2 Cukče on R with L foot behing R calf
 - 3 Step forward onto L
 - Step forward onto R
 - 5 Step forward onto L
- REPEAT meas 1 as many times as desired 2-(6)
- (7)REPEAT meas 1 count 1 (Step R)
 - 2 REPEAT meas 1 count 2 (Čukče on R)
 - REPEAT meas 1 count 3, turning slightly to center (Step L) 3
 - Turning to face center and Raising hands to "W" position, Step on R slightly towards center*.
 - Step onto L in place, taking full weight but leaving the R foot in place in front 5
 - * This step into the center embodies much of the essence of the dance. It is initiated with a dip on the supporting leg by bending the supporting knee then standing upright just as the extended foot makes contact with the ground.

SLOWER STEP (arms up)

- Facing Center, Lift R foot with Cukce on L in place 1 1
 - 2 Place R foot slightly to R without taking weight

- 3 Take Weight on R, bending R knee
- 4 Step onto L slightly towards center*.
- 5 Step back onto R in place, taking full weight but leaving the L foot in place in front
- 2 REPEAT meas 1 with opposite footwork
- 3 1 Lift R foot with Čukče on L in place (1)
 Turning slightly and moving R, Step to R onto R (1 & ah)
 - 2 Step on L beside R foot
 - 3 Step forward (LOD) on R, bringing L foot to close behind R
 - 4 Step on L beside R.
 - 5 Step forward (LOD) onto R
- 4 1 Lift L leg beside R with Čukče on R in place (1) Step onto L beside R (1 & ah)
 - 2 Step forward (LOD) onto R
 - 3 Step forward (LOD) on L, turning slightly to center
 - 4 Turning to face center, Step on R slightly towards center*.
 - 5 Step on L in place, taking full weight, leaving R foot in place in front

FASTER STEP (arms down)

When the music speeds up, the "in place" steps take on the character of the of the "travelling" steps above. Hands are lowered at the beginning of measure 3 of the previous step.

- 1 Facing Center, Lift R foot with Cukce on L in place (1)
 - Step onto R in place (1 & ah)
 - 2 Step on L beside R foot
 - 3 Step on R in place
 - 4 Step onto L slightly towards center*.
 - 5 Step back onto R in place, taking full weight but leaving the L foot in place in front
- 2 REPEAT meas 1 with opposite footwork
- 3-4 REPEAT measures 1 & 2
- 5-6 REPEAT measures 3-4 of the slower step

Dancers can return to the slower step as the music allows. The leader signals this by bringing her arms up to the "W" position on count 4 of the fourth measure--just before the "travelling" steps begin.

Dance Description by Tom Deering