



IFIESTA 200!

STATEWIDE '69 INSTITUTE COMMUNITY CONCOURSE SAN DIEGO, CALIF. MAY 30, 7:30-10:00 PM

DANCE

VIRA DO SITIO NAO VAS AO MAR TONHO

NOVOZAGORSKO HORO RĀČENICA "NA LEVO" Portugal

Bulgaria

TEACHER

MADELYNNE GREENE

RENÉ BESNE

INSTITUTE COMMITTEE

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Nancy Denov, Statewide

RESEARCH AND STANDARDIZATION

Bob Moriarty, Chairman Liesl Barnett Tom Daw Bemi DeBus Carolyn Mitchill Ruth Oser Dorothy Singleton





NOVOZAGORSKO HORO (Bulgarian)

A one figure "military" dance from Novo Zagora in Central Bulgaria. It is danced "na lesa", the Bulgarian term for a dance where dancers grasp one another's belts and execute their steps in a straight line.

SOURCE: Described by Boris Tsonev in "Bulgarian Horos and Race-

nici", Science and Art Edition, Sofia. First presented

by Jim Schlesinger at the San Francisco Kolo Festival.

MUSIC:

Record: Danssa OOI, "Bulgarian Folklore Songs and Horos", Side 1, Band 3, "Novozagorsko Horo". Also-Slavjani Folklore Society Records, SLA 1000, Folklore

Dances of Bulgaria", Side 1, Band 5, "Mushko Na Lesa".

4/4 dd (1 2 3 4 [one]) dd (1 2 3 4 [and]) RHYTHM:

FORMATION: Men and women in a mixed line grasping each other's

belt at the side. Right arm is in back of the adjacent

dancer's left arm. Elbows relaxed.

PATTERN MUSIC: 4/4

Meas.

- Step fwd with L ft (1). 1
- 2 Step fwd with R ft (1).
- Jump (in place) onto both ft, ft apart (1) 3 Jump (in place) onto both ft, ft together (3).
- Step bwd with the R ft (1). 4
- Step bwd with the L ft (1). 5
- 6 Repeat meas 3.
- Leap slightly R onto the R ft (1). Without "pointing" ft, 7 touch toe of L ft to ground in front of R ft (3).
- Repeat meas 7 using opp ftwrk and moving slightly to L. 8
- Leap to R onto R ft swinging L leg up into high fwd flexion (1). 9 Leap to L onto L ft swinging R leg up into high fwd flexion (3).
- Leap to R onto R ft swinging L leg up into high fwd flexion ($\underline{1}$). 10 Leap to L onto L ft raising R ft to the side and slightly back (3).

NOVOZAGORSKO HORO - Cont'd

Meas.

- Close R ft to the side of the L (1).
 Change wt and raise L ft to the side and slightly back (4)
 preparing to close.
- 12 Repeat meas 11 using opp ftwrk.
- 13 Repeat meas 11.
- 14 Close L ft to the side of the R (1).
 Change wt and raise R leg in low fwd flexion (4).
- Stamp R ft beside and slightly fwd of L ft (1). Take a small step bwd onto R ft turning body and ft to the R (3) and lifting L leg slightly.
- Step on L ft in place (1). Turn body fwd and bring R ft to the side of the L by describing a small arc along the ground (3, 4).
- Stamp R ft next to L (1), taking wt. Stamp L ft next to R (3), taking wt.
- 18 Stamp R ft next to L (1), taking wt. Hold (3, 4).
- Step swd with the L ft (1). Step on R ft across and behind L ft (3).
- 20 Repeat meas 19.
- 21 Step swd with the L ft (1). Swing R leg into high fwd flexion (3).
- 22-23 Repeat meas 19-20 using opp ftwrk and moving to the R.
 - 24 Step swd with the R ft (1). Hold with wt on R ft, "flair-ing" L ft slightly to the side and back preparing to start dance over (3, 4).

NAO VAS AO MAR TONHO (Portugal)

This dance is composed of two parts, one in march rhythm, the other in vira rhythm.

MUSIC: Record: Unidisc EX 45222M, "Danses du Portugal", Side 1, Bend 1.

FORMATION: The dancers are in couples, and there is an even number of couples in the circle. M holds partner's L hand in his R hand. Hands are held with the elbows at about shoulder height.

	PATTERN
Meas.	I. PART A (March rhythm)
1-4	Take 8 marching steps, starting L.
5 - 8	Take 8 marching steps, W in front of their partners.
9-12	Take 8 marching steps CCW in a circle of μ_{\bullet} M are in front of their partners in the circles.
13-16	Make a half-turn outward and reverse direction in the circle of 4, again with 8 marching steps. End in a double circle, M on the inside.
	II. PART B (Vira rhythm)
17-32	Do the balance-croise in groups of 2 cpls.
	Repeat dance from beginning. After the third repeat of the dance, finish with 16 marching steps in the

circle.

RÃO SEGA WAS LEVOWS isulgarian)

Although no information is presented with the original notation as to the geographic area from which this particular racenica comes, its steps contain characteristics of those from the Danubian Plain. It probably originated in the area west of Lukovit and the Isker River. In the Danubian Plain dances are mainly mixed. The difference between the man's and namen's dancing is not as striking as in the Sope and Thracian decles. Dances of the Danubian region are based on simpler steps. They are danced lightly at a fast pace, are more free and have a definite feeling for humor and galety.

SOURCE:

Described in "Dunses de Bulgarie" - Livret Réalise

Parle Groupe D'Expression Populaire".

MUSIC:

Record: Danssa Cel, "Bulgarian Folklore Songs and Horos".

Side 1. Bend 4. "Mihajlovgradiska Ruchenitsa."

RHYTHM:

7/16 \$7 (one), \$7 (two), \$77 (three)

FORMATION:

Men and women in a mixed line grasping each other's

belt at the side, Right arm is in back of the adjacent

dancer's left arm. Elbows relaxed.

MUSIC 7/16

PATTERN

Meas

STEP I.

- 1 Turning very slightly L, step on R ft in front of L (cts 1-2). Hep on R ft (ct 3).
- 2 Turning slightly to the R. step on L ft in front of R (cts 1-2). Hop on L ft (ct3).
- 3 Moving bud step on R ft (et 1), step back on L ft (et 2), step back on R ft with slight accent (et 3).
- h Repeat meas 3 using opp ftwk.
- 5-16 Repeat meas 1-4 three additional times.

STEP II.

- 1 Hop lightly on the L ft - raising the R ft near the L ankle while turning the R heel very slightly outward (ct 1). Step on R ft behind L (ct 2). Step on L ft behind the R with a slight accent (ct 3).
- 2 Repeat mess 1.

Meas.

- Turning L, run lightly on R (ct 1), on L (ct 2) and on R with a slight accent (ct 3).
- Turning fwd, lightly run on L (ct 1), on R (ct 2) and on L with a slight accent (ct 3).
- 5-16 Repeat meas 1-4 three additional times.

STEP III.

- Place the R ft flat on the floor beside, and slightly fwd of L in an easy motion (ct 1). Hold (ct 2). Leap lightly sdwd onto the R ft bringing the L leg up into a low fwd flexion (ct 3).
- 2-3 Hop R ft (ct 1). Step slightly to L with L ft (ct 2).

 Step on R ft across and in front of L with a slight accent
 (ct 3). Hop on R ft (ct 1). Step slightly to L with L
 ft (ct 2). Step on R ft across and behind L (ct 3).
- 4 Repeat meas 1 using opp ftwk.
- 5-16 Repeat meas 1-4 three additional times.

STEP IV.

- Take a small step to the R with R ft stepping very slightly fwd (ct 1). Step on L ft across and in front of R (ct 2). Step back onto R ft with a slight accent (ct 3).
- 2 Repeat meas 1 using opp ftwk.
- Moving fwd, step on R ft fwd and across L (ct 1). Close L ft to the R (ct 2). Step on R ft fwd and across L with a pronounced accent (ct 3).
- 4 Repeat meas 3 using opp ftwk.
- 5-8 Repeat meas 1-4.

DANCE PATTERN

Dance steps one, two, three and four.
Repeat sequence of steps two, three and four.
Repeat dance from beginning.
Dance step one.
Dance 8 meas of step two.
Dance 8 meas of step three

*The original notes title this dance simply *Rutschenitza (Dance Nationale)*. For ease of identification these notes utilize the name *Râčenica Na Levo* (Râčenica to the Left) refering to the characteristic leftward motion of the dance.

VIRA DO SITLO (Nazare) (Portugal)

Le Sitle is the hamlet of Nazare'situated on a cliff dominating the village. This dance is divided into five parts:

A. 15 measures

D. 15 measures

B. 9 measures

E. 16 measures

C. 15 measures

E. 16 measures

B. 9 measures

plus 1 measure

MUSIC:

Record: Unidisc EX 45222M, *Danses du Portugal*, Side 2. Band 1.

FORMATION: An even number of cpls in a double circle, ptrs fece to face with M on the inside. Count off in cpls 1-2, 1-2, etc.

PATTERN

Meas.

I. PART A

- 1-8 Beginning with R, waltz to own R in the big circle, revolving CW.
- 9-15 Revolving CCW waltz back to original pos in the big circle.

II. PART B

- 1-2 Do 2 waltzes in place, swaying and snapping fingers on lst beat of each meas.
- 3-4 With 2 waltzes change places with ptr passing R shoulders. End facing ptr.
- 5-8 Repeat meas 1-4 to return home.
- 9 Clap hands twice.

III. PART C

1-15 In a circle of 4 (cpls 1 & 2) circle CCW with 15 waltzes beginning with R. Return home to face own ptr.

IV. PART B

1-9 Repeat PART B as above.

V. PART D

1-15 In a circle of 4 (cpls 1 & 2) circle CW with 15 waltzes beginning with L. Return home to face own ptr.

Meas. VI. PART E - Balance-croise

- Beginning with R, M l and L 2 do l waltz twd ctr of square.
- Do another waltz step twd ptr ending with L shoulder to ptr (almost touching). During these two meas, M 2 and L 1 do 2 waltzes in place.
- 3-4 M 1 and L 2 return to place with 2 waltz steps. At the same time M 2 and L 1 do 2 waltz steps twd ctr as in meas 1-2.
- 5-6 M l and L 2, taking slightly longer steps, waltz twd ctr and come face to face. At the same time, M 2 and L l waltz bwd, which ends their balance.
- 7-8 M 1 and L 2 waltz bwd to exchange places.
- 9-16 Instead of doing the repeat of the balance-croise as usual do it with new neighbors. For M l and L 2 it is the neighbor on the L; for M 2 and L l it is the neighbor on the R.

VII. PART E - Balance-croise

- 1-8 Repeat with same neighbor to get back to original square.
- 9-16 Repeat with original diagonal person to get back home.
- 17 Clap twice.

Repeat dance A through E, including the claps.

End dance with another repeat of A and B, with music slightly faster.